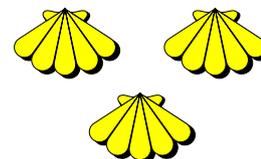


High Wych C E Primary School

Founded in 1861



High Wych Behaviour Policy September 2021

'We are all learning how to do this together'

'We need to follow the rules in school to keep everyone safe'

During the coronavirus outbreak or temporary outbreak (when we are back in 'Bubbles') some pupils will be anxious and this may mean that they do not follow the school rules and advice about positive behaviour. It is important that pupils are well supported and staff do not follow a 'one size fits all' approach to managing behaviour. However, the school expects pupils to be well behaved and to be kind, considerate and supportive of each other. Where this is not the case the school will support the pupil and work with their parents.

Behaviour Expectation (Covid-19 or temp outbreak):

School staff will work with pupils to ensure that pupils and parents are aware of the expectations that the school has around the following:

- following any altered routines for arrival or departure
- following school instructions on hygiene, such as handwashing and sanitising
- following instructions on who pupils can socialise with at school
- children will need to stay in their own seat in the classroom or sit in the space they have been asked to by their teachers.
- where possible and age appropriate children will keep a 1m distance or a sensible distance away from other staff/children as they move around the classroom/school or when lining up.
- when outside in the playground/on the field, children will only be able to play in the area/zones that they have been told they can by their teachers.
- expectations about sneezing, coughing, tissues and disposal ('catch it, bin it, kill it') and avoiding touching your mouth, nose and eyes with hands
- clear rules about coughing or spitting at or towards any other person
- children to tell an adult if you are experiencing symptoms of coronavirus
- rules about sharing any equipment or other items including drinking bottles
- clear rules for pupils at home about conduct in relation to remote education
- rewards and sanction system where appropriate

Behaviour involving SLT (Covid-19 or temp outbreak)

Children are still required to follow positive behaviour rules in class and around the school and staff will continue to use STEPS training to promote positive behaviour. Should a child continue with displaying negative behaviour and further intervention is required, a member of staff should contact Deputy Head or Head Teacher. A child should not be moved to a different classroom as this will break our 'bubbles' but should wait for SLT to help de-escalate the situation. If an incident behaviour form has been completed and needs DH or SLT to review the incident, the member of staff dealing with the incident should make contact with DH/SLT the same day so that it can be dealt with. DH/SLT will ensure that it is resolved keeping



social distancing rules as best as possible. The child's teacher is to be informed of the incident and they will share concerns with the parents and carers. If this is more serious or not possible, DH/SLT to discuss with parents/carers by telephone so that everyone can say safe.

Behaviour Policy

Our aim is that every member of the school community (staff, parents, children and visitors) feels valued, respected and is treated fairly. The policy aims to promote an environment where:

- everyone feels happy, safe and secure to become positive, responsible and increasingly independent members of the school community.
- good behaviour is reinforced and encouraged to develop an ethos of kindness and co-operation.
- acceptable standards of behaviour are defined
- there is a consistency of response to both positive and negative behaviour
- self-esteem, self-discipline and positive relationships are promoted

To ensure that the school's expectations and strategies are widely known and understood we encourage the involvement of both home and school in the implementation of this policy as the children bring to school a wide variety of behaviour patterns due to differences in home values, attitudes and parenting skills. At school we work towards standards of behaviour based on the golden rules and school values, which promote honesty, respect, consideration and responsibility.

Golden Rules

- Do be gentle - Do not hurt anyone
- Do be kind and helpful - Do not hurt people's feelings
- Do work hard - Do not waste your or other people's time
- Do look after property - Do not waste or damage things
- Do listen to people - Do not interrupt
- Do be honest - Do not cover up the truth

The behaviour policy is not a system to enforce rules. It is designed to promote good behaviour, rather than merely deter anti-social behaviour, and help the children to take responsibility for their own actions and to understand the link between actions and consequences.

Rewards and Consequences

We praise and reward children for good behaviour in a variety of ways e.g house points and house point tickets. *See Behaviour Rewards.* We believe that rewards have a motivational role, helping children to see that good behaviour is valued. Children work towards earning a class and individual reward. Children lose playtime or lunchtime for poor behaviour during the day to complete work they have missed or not completed.

The school acknowledges all the efforts and achievements of children, both in and out of school. Children can share these in assemblies.

The school employs a number of consequences to enforce the school rules thus ensuring a safe and positive learning environment. We employ each consequence appropriately to each individual situation. *See Behaviour Ladder*

At the start of each term the class teacher discusses the school rules with their class. In addition to the school rules, each class also has its own classroom code, which is agreed by the children each



term and displayed on the wall of the classroom. In this way, every child in the school knows the standard of behaviour that is expected. Rules should be discussed in class.

When there has been an incident

- Stop whatever it is, listen to the problem and talk to the child about his/her actions and tell off as necessary
- Talk to witnesses if necessary
- Encourage children to solve the issue amongst themselves if possible
- Ensure the child apologises and shake hands with the other person if appropriate
- If it is not possible to have these talks at that moment (assembly, playground supervision) then it may be appropriate to ask the child to wait in another place, eg next door or outside the Head's office
- Record details of the incident on the Incident Proforma and hand in to Head/Deputy Head

Consequences for unacceptable behaviour should be characterised by certain features:-

- Initial warning matched to the golden rule where appropriate.
- It must be clear why the consequence is being applied.
- It must be made clear what changes in behaviour are required to avoid future consequences.
- It should be the behaviour rather than the person that is emphasised.

Additional Consequences

- Child may be kept in to miss free time or to complete/rewrite work to the expected standard

In serious or persistent cases e.g. the child causes physical harm, swears or is racially or gender abusive the child will go straight to the Head or Deputy (*Fill out appropriate form*). Consequences may then be:

- remove from class
- parents called in for meeting
- a home school contract/report or PSP or home school book
- make the child miss a treat at school e.g. non-uniform days, school trip etc.
- ultimately an internal exclusion, or fixed term exclusion or in extreme circumstances a permanent exclusion (following the LA guidelines).

Most instances of poor behaviour are relatively minor and can be adequately dealt with through minor consequences and through the support of the parents. *It is important that the consequence is not out of proportion to the offence.*

Additional specialist help and advice from the Educational Psychologist or Integrated Services for Learning may be necessary for serious cases. This possibility should be discussed with the Headteacher/Deputy Head and/or SENCO.

Peer on Peer Abuse

At High Wych, we are committed to the prevention, early identification and appropriate management of peer on peer abuse. We recognise that children may face different forms of abuse and we work together to protect children from harm. As well as being abused by adults, children can be abused by other young people.



This is known as 'peer on peer abuse' or 'child on child abuse'. We recognise that peer on peer abuse is abuse and should never be tolerated or passed off as "banter", "just having a laugh" or "part of growing up".

All staff should be aware that safeguarding issues can manifest themselves via peer on peer abuse. To see what this includes, refer to PSHE/RSE Policy and Peer to Peer Abuse Policy.

Responding to Alleged Incidents Responding to reports of Peer to Peer Abuse

All reports of peer on peer abuse will be made on a case by case basis with the Headteacher/designated safeguarding lead or their deputy/designated safeguarding lead taking a leading role using their professional judgement and supported by other agencies such as social care or the police as required.

For all immediate responses to reports of peer to peer abuse and actions - see Peer to Peer Policy.

Linked Policies:

- ✓ Anti- Bullying Policy
- ✓ PSHE/RSE Policy
- ✓ Safeguarding Policy
- ✓ Peer on Peer Abuse Policy

Role of the pupils

Ensure that they do not prevent others from learning, use abusive or dangerous behaviour in or out of the classroom. Unacceptable behaviour in the classroom includes interrupting, shouting out, wandering about, running in the building, constant chatter and whispering and a failure to attend to instructions. Unacceptable behaviour on the playground includes pushing, poking, jumping on each other's' back, inappropriate play etc.

Children should:

- Have self-discipline
- Be polite and have respect for others, self and property
- Responsibly participate in work and play
- Take collective responsibility
- Recognise boundaries
- Be confident and make informed and considered decisions regarding their behaviour
- Ensure fair treatment for all regardless of age, gender, race and ability;

For misbehaviour in the playground, being kept out of the playground is appropriate. In extreme cases children will be excluded from the premises at lunch time.

Role of the class teacher

All staff use 'STEPS' training which is a therapeutic approach to behaviour managements, with an emphasis on consistency, on teaching internal discipline and on care and control, not punishment.

To ensure that the school rules are enforced in their class and that their class behave in a responsible manner during lesson time and when moving around the school.

Classroom management and teaching methods have an important influence on children's behaviour. The classroom environment gives clear messages to the children about how their efforts are valued.



Relationships between teacher and children, strategies for encouraging good behaviour and classroom displays all have a bearing on the way children behave.

Teaching methods should encourage enthusiasm and active participation for all through the use of a variety of teaching styles.

Lessons should aim to develop the skills, knowledge and understanding, which will enable the children to work and play in co-operation with others.

Praise should be used to encourage good behaviour as well as good work.

Teachers will ensure **all children** display the expected high level of behaviour in and around the school.

Class teachers have high expectations of the children in terms of behaviour, and they strive to ensure that all children work to the best of their ability.

Class teachers treat each child fairly and enforce the classroom code consistently. The teacher treats all children in their class with respect and understanding.

If a child misbehaves repeatedly in class, the class teacher will keep a record of all such incidents. In the first instance, the class teacher deals with incidents him/herself as set out in the policy. However, if misbehaviour continues, the class teacher seeks help and advice from the Deputy Head. The class teacher may also contact a parent about concerns. Early warning of concerns should be communicated to all staff and Headteacher so that strategies can be discussed and agreed before more formal steps are required.

The class teacher/Deputy Head liaises with external agencies, as and necessary, to support and guide the progress of each child. The class teacher may, for example, discuss the needs of a child with the Family Support Worker or Integrated Support for Learning.

Class teachers will model high standards of behaviour, both in their dealings with the children and with each other. By:

- creating a positive climate with realistic but high expectations;
- emphasising the importance of being valued as an individual within the group;
- promoting, through example, honesty and courtesy;
- providing a caring and effective learning environment;
- encouraging relationships based on kindness, respect and understanding of the needs of others;
- ensuring fair treatment for all regardless of age, gender, race, ability;
- showing appreciation of the efforts and contribution of all.

Restraining *The Use of Force to Control or Restrain Pupils.*

Teachers in our school do not hit, push or slap children. Staff only intervene physically to restrain children or to prevent injury to a child, or if a child is in danger of hurting him/herself. The actions that we take are in line with government guidelines on the restraint of children. Staff are trained on STEPS and will only use restraint if have STEP UP training.

Role of the Headteacher

It is the responsibility of the Headteacher to ensure that the school behaviour policy is implemented consistently throughout the school. It is also the responsibility of the Headteacher to ensure the health, safety and welfare of all children in the school. The Head works closely with the Deputy to ensure that all staff follow the behaviour policy. The Deputy keep records of all reported incidents of misbehaviour and reports to governors, when requested, on the effectiveness of the policy.



The Headteacher has the responsibility for giving fixed-term exclusions to individual children for serious acts of misbehaviour. For repeated or very serious acts of anti-social behaviour, the Headteacher may permanently exclude a child. Both these actions are only taken after the relevant school Governors have been notified.

The Role of Parents

We expect parents to help reinforce the Golden Rules so children receive consistent messages about how to behave at home and at school.

We try to build a supportive dialogue between the home and the school, and we inform parents if we have concerns about their child's welfare or behaviour.

If the school has to use reasonable consequences to reinforce the expected behaviour of a child, parents should support the school in relation to decisions made and to promote actively the rules of the school. If parents have any concern about the way that their child has been treated, they should initially contact the class teacher by making an appointment through the office, then the Deputy Head. If the concern remains, they should contact the Headteacher and if necessary, the school Governors. If these discussions cannot resolve the problem, a formal complaint can be implemented.

Parents will ensure that the time taken to talk to teachers does not take them away from teaching duties and class responsibilities. We encourage a positive partnership with parents through either letters or phone calls home.

The role of parents is crucial and should be consulted and informed of any incident in which their child is hurt badly (emotionally or physically) or seriously hurts others. Parents will also be contacted if a child's behaviour suddenly alters, or is not typical for that child.

Parents will model high standards of behaviour, both in their dealings with the children, staff and with each other. By:

- promoting, through example, honesty and courtesy;
- encouraging relationships based on kindness, respect and understanding of the needs of others;
- ensuring fair treatment for all regardless of age, gender, race, ability and disability;
- showing appreciation of the efforts and contribution of all.
- Using appropriate language at all times

Parents have the responsibility to respect the staff of the school and value their opinions.

Parents should talk positively about the school to their child and the community in general and act in partnership with the school by talking directly to staff. (Including Social Media)

The Role of Governors

The Governing Body has the responsibility of setting down these general guidelines on standards of discipline and behaviour, and of reviewing their effectiveness. The Governors support the Headteacher in carrying out these guidelines.

The Headteacher has the day-to-day authority to implement the school behaviour and discipline policy, but Governors may give advice to the Headteacher about particular disciplinary issues. The Headteacher must take this into account when making decisions about matters of behaviour.

Fixed-term and Permanent Exclusions

Only the Headteacher (or the acting Headteacher) has the power to exclude a pupil from school. The Headteacher may exclude a pupil for one or more fixed periods, for up to 45 days in any one school year. The



Headteacher may also exclude a pupil permanently. It is also possible for the Headteacher to convert a fixed-term exclusion into a permanent exclusion, if the circumstances warrant this.

If the Headteacher excludes a pupil, s/he informs the parents immediately, giving reasons for the exclusion. At the same time, the Headteacher makes it clear to the parents that they can, if they wish, appeal against the decision to the Governing Body. The school informs the parents how to make any such appeal.

The Headteacher informs the LA and the Governing Body about any permanent exclusion, and about any fixed-term exclusions.

The Governing Body itself cannot either exclude a pupil or extend the exclusion period made by the Headteacher.

The Governing Body has a discipline committee, to which each Governor has agreed to belong if required, which is made up of between three and five members. This committee considers any exclusion appeals on behalf of the Governors.

When an appeals panel meets to consider an exclusion, they consider the circumstances in which the pupil was excluded, consider any representation by parents and the LA, and consider whether the pupil should be reinstated.

If the Governors' appeals panel decides that a pupil should be reinstated, the Headteacher must comply with this ruling.

Monitoring

The Headteacher/Deputy monitors the effectiveness of this policy on a regular basis. She also reports to the Governing Body on the effectiveness of the policy and, if necessary, makes recommendations for further improvements.

The school keeps a variety of records of incidents of misbehaviour. The class teacher records classroom incidents and informs the Deputy and records when necessary. We also keep a record of any incidents that occur at break or lunchtimes: lunchtime supervisors will give written details of all incidents on the incident form. The Deputy will follow up with pupils/parents/class teachers where necessary and implement any supportive strategies and consequences.

The Headteacher keeps a record of any pupil who is suspended for a fixed-term, or who is permanently excluded.

It is the responsibility of the Governing Body to monitor the rate of suspensions and exclusions, and to ensure that the school policy is administered fairly and consistently.

Policy on Bullying - See Anti-Bullying Policy

Beyond the School Gate

Whilst this behaviour policy refers mainly to the behaviours of pupils within school premises, the school reserves the right to discipline beyond the school gate.

Our policy covers any inappropriate behaviour when children are:

- Taking part in any school organised or school related activity
- Travelling to or from school
- Wearing school uniform
- Posing a threat to another pupil or member of the public
- Using mobile communications or social media
- Adversely affecting the reputation of the school



In the incidences above, the Headteacher may notify the police of any actions taken against a pupil. If the behaviour is criminal or causes threat to a member of the public, the police will always be informed.

The same behaviour expectations for pupils on the school premises apply to off-site behaviour when in school uniform.

Sanctions may be given for poor behaviour when off the school premises when in school uniform which undermines any of the above expectations and regardless of whether or not it is an activity supervised directly by school staff. Sanctions may be in the form of withdrawal of privileges or participation in extra-curricular activities, fixed term exclusion or in very serious cases, permanent exclusion.

In issuing sanctions, the following will be taken into account:

- The severity of the misbehaviour
- The extent to which the reputation of the school has been affected

Whether the misbehaviour was whilst the pupil was taking part in learning opportunities in another school, participating in a sports event (and in any situation where the pupil is acting as an ambassador for the school) which might affect the chances or opportunities being offered to other pupils in the future.

Screening and Searching Pupils

The DfE document Searching, screening and confiscation - advice for Headteachers, school staff and governing bodies (February 2014) should be read in relation to this section. The Headteacher(s) and staff authorised by them have a statutory power to search pupils or their possessions, without consent, where they have reasonable grounds for suspecting that the pupil may have one of the following a prohibited item : knives or weapons, alcohol, illegal drugs, stolen items; tobacco and cigarette papers, fireworks and pornographic images; any article that the member of staff reasonably suspects has been, or is likely to be, used to commit an offence, or to cause personal injury to, or damage to property; and any item banned by the school rules which has been identified in the rules as an item which may be searched for. The member of staff conducting the search must be the same sex as the pupil being searched; and there must be a witness (also a staff member) and, if at all possible, they should be the same sex as the pupil being searched. However, there is a limited exception to this rule whereby staff can carry out a search of a pupil of the opposite sex and without a witness present, where there is reasonable belief that there is a risk that serious harm could be caused to a person if the search is not conducted immediately and where it is not reasonably practicable to summon another member of staff. School staff can seize any prohibited item found as a result of a search.

Review

The Governing Body review this policy annually. The Governors may, however, review the policy earlier than this, if the Government introduces new regulations, or if the Governing Body receives recommendations on how the policy might be improved.

Behaviour Rewards

Head Teacher Sticker

Certificates

Friday Assembly

Additional Free Time

House points/house point tickets

Verbal praise/ Smile



Behaviour Ladder

Fixed term exclusion (may lead to permanent exclusion)

Internal exclusion

Deputy - Parents invited in for
PSP meeting (for serious/repeated behaviours)

Deputy contact parents if necessary - On Report for fixed time
Teacher contacts parents if appropriate

Time out in another class

Reflecting on behaviour

Time out in class

Loss of Play or Lunch Time

Verbal reminder of expected behaviour

The 'you have been noticed' look

Agreed by Staff Sept 2021

Updated: January 2022

Next Review Sept 2022

